

β -Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{Mo--O}) = 0.007$ Å;
R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.128; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

The title compound, dineodymium(III) tetramolybdate(VI), has been prepared by a flux technique and is the second polymorph of composition Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅. The crystal structure is isotypic with those of Ce₂Mo₄O₁₅ and Pr₂Mo₄O₁₅. It features a three-dimensional network composed of distorted edge- and corner-sharing NdO₇ polyhedra, NdO₈ polyhedra, MoO₄ tetrahedra and MoO₆ octahedra.

Related literature

For background to molybdates with rare earth (*RE*) cations, see: Borchardt & Bierstedt (1966); Ouwerkerk *et al.* (1982). For the α -polymorph of Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅, see: Naruke & Yamase (2003). Structures isotypic with β -Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅ were reported for the Ce (Fallon & Gatehouse, 1982) and Pr (Efremov *et al.*, 1988a) analogues. For the crystal structures, properties and applications of other molybdates with general formula RE₂Mo₄O₁₅, see: RE = La (Dubois *et al.*, 2001); Tb (Naruke & Yamase, 2001); La, Nd, Sm (Naruke & Yamase, 2003); Ho (Efremov *et al.*, 1988b).

Experimental*Crystal data*

Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅

$M_r = 912.24$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$V = 643.94$ (9) Å ³
$a = 7.4000$ (6) Å	$Z = 2$
$b = 7.4992$ (6) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$c = 11.7291$ (9) Å	$\mu = 11.77$ mm ⁻¹
$\alpha = 88.916$ (2)°	$T = 293$ K
$\beta = 83.957$ (1)°	$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.05$ mm
$\gamma = 84.196$ (2)°	

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1K CCD diffractometer	3620 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1997)	2390 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.271$, $T_{\max} = 0.591$	2268 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.040$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	191 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.128$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 3.38$ e Å ⁻³
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -2.54$ e Å ⁻³
2390 reflections	

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2004); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2425).

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supplementary materials

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β -Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅

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Comment

Rare-earth molybdate compounds have been intensively studied due to their diversity and excellent chemical stabilities, as well as their potential applications as laser host phosphors, or as ferroelectric and ferroelastic materials (Borchardt & Bierstedt, 1966; Ouwerkerk *et al.*, 1982). Previous studies of the family of $RE_2Mo_4O_{15}$ (RE is a rare earth metal cation) compounds show that they adopt different structure types, such as monoclinic La₂Mo₄O₁₅ with $Z = 4$ (Dubois *et al.*, 2001; Naruke & Yamase, 2003); Tb₂Mo₄O₁₅ (Naruke & Yamase, 2001) and Ho₂Mo₄O₁₅ (Efremov *et al.*, 1988b) with $Z = 2$, or triclinic Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅ (Naruke & Yamase, 2003) with $Z = 3$. In this paper, we present synthesis and crystal structure of the β -phase of compound Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅ which is structurally different from the first (α -) Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅ polymorph (Naruke & Yamase, 2003), but is isotropic with Ce₂Mo₄O₁₅ (Fallon & Gatehouse, 1982) and Pr₂Mo₄O₁₅ (Efremov *et al.*, 1988a) with $Z = 2$.

The structure of β -Nd₂Mo₄O₁₅ features a three-dimensional framework composed of distorted NdO₇, NdO₈, MoO₄ and MoO₆ polyhedra, as shown in Fig. 1. There are four crystallographically different Mo atoms in the asymmetric unit. Mo(1), Mo(2), Mo(3) atoms are surrounded by four oxygen atoms within a tetrahedral coordination, while the Mo(4) atom is surrounded by six oxygen atoms within a considerably distorted octahedral coordination. Two adjacent Mo(4)O₆ octahedra are connected through edge-sharing, forming Mo₂O₁₀ units. These Mo₂O₁₀ units are interconnected by Mo(1)O₄ tetrahedra *via* corner-sharing to form an infinite Mo₄O₁₄ chain parallel to [100]. The distorted environments of the two Nd atoms Nd(1) and Nd(2) are different. While Nd(1) is coordinated by seven oxygen atoms, Nd(2) is coordinated by eight oxygen atoms. The Mo₄O₁₄ chains are linked perpendicularly to the chain direction into a three-dimensional framework *via* isolated Mo(2)O₄ and Mo(3)O₄ tetrahedra and by Nd(1)O₇ and Nd(2)O₈ polyhedra sharing edges and corners (Fig. 2).

Experimental

The finely ground reagents K₂CO₃, Nd₂O₃, and MoO₃ were mixed in the molar ratio K: Nd: Mo = 3: 2: 6, were placed in a Pt crucible, and heated at 573 K for 4 h. The mixture was then re-ground and heated at 1273 K for 20 h, then cooled to 673 K at a rate of 3 K h⁻¹, and finally quenched to room temperature. A few light-red crystals of the title compound with prismatic shape were obtained.

Refinement

The highest peak in the difference electron density map equals to 3.38 e/Å³ at the distance of 0.92 Å from the Nd(1) site while the deepest hole equals to -2.54 e/Å³ at the distance of 1.22 Å from the Nd(2) site.

supplementary materials

Figures

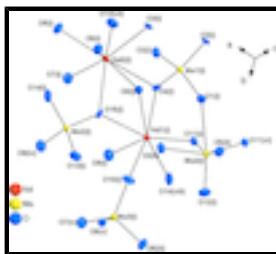


Fig. 1. The expanded asymmetric unit of $\beta\text{-Nd}_2\text{Mo}_4\text{O}_{15}$ showing the coordination environments of the Mo and Nd atoms. [Symmetry codes: (i) x, y, z ; (ii) $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$; (iii) $-1 + x, 1 + y, z$; (iv) $1 - x, 1 - y, -z$; (v) $x, 1 + y, z$; (vi) $-x, 1 - y, 1 - z$; (vii) $x, -1 + y, z$; (viii) $-1 + x, y, z$.]

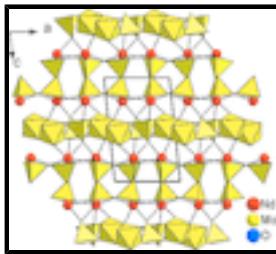


Fig. 2. View of the crystal structure of $\beta\text{-Nd}_2\text{Mo}_4\text{O}_{15}$ along $[0\bar{1}0]$. MoO_4 and MoO_6 units are given in the polyhedral representation.

dineodymium(III) tetramolybdate(VI)

Crystal data

$\text{Nd}_2\text{Mo}_4\text{O}_{15}$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 912.24$	$F(000) = 816$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 4.705 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	$\text{Mo } K\alpha \text{ radiation, } \lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 7.4000 (6) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 487 reflections
$b = 7.4992 (6) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.1\text{--}23.0^\circ$
$c = 11.7291 (9) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 11.77 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 88.916 (2)^\circ$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 83.957 (1)^\circ$	Prism, light-red
$\gamma = 84.196 (2)^\circ$	$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$
$V = 643.94 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1K CCD diffractometer	2390 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2268 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.040$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1997)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.7^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.271, T_{\text{max}} = 0.591$	$h = -9 \rightarrow 8$
3620 measured reflections	$k = -9 \rightarrow 6$
	$l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0986P)^2 + 6.3644P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.128$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 3.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2390 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -2.54 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
191 parameters	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{1/4}$
0 restraints	Extinction coefficient: 0.0080 (7)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Nd1	0.24478 (7)	0.41215 (6)	0.22477 (4)	0.0090 (2)
Nd2	0.67891 (6)	0.09060 (6)	0.22360 (4)	0.0081 (2)
Mo1	0.43929 (11)	0.25334 (11)	0.52879 (7)	0.0093 (3)
Mo2	0.72798 (11)	0.57014 (10)	0.12800 (7)	0.0081 (3)
Mo3	0.22775 (11)	0.92862 (10)	0.12894 (7)	0.0084 (3)
Mo4	0.09418 (11)	0.67225 (10)	0.52795 (7)	0.0090 (3)
O11	0.0842 (9)	0.4745 (9)	0.4032 (6)	0.0122 (14)
O2	0.6680 (10)	0.2917 (10)	0.5608 (6)	0.0180 (15)
O15	0.5756 (9)	0.4080 (9)	0.1806 (6)	0.0124 (14)
O8	0.3544 (9)	0.0941 (9)	0.1872 (6)	0.0116 (14)
O1	0.2954 (10)	0.4305 (9)	0.5914 (6)	0.0161 (15)
O5	0.8677 (10)	0.2270 (10)	0.3442 (7)	0.0183 (15)
O7	0.7035 (11)	0.0974 (11)	0.0170 (7)	0.0209 (17)
O12	-0.0335 (11)	0.8313 (10)	0.4610 (7)	0.0217 (16)
O4	0.4229 (10)	0.2652 (9)	0.3798 (6)	0.0153 (15)
O6	0.9983 (10)	0.0078 (11)	0.1526 (7)	0.0231 (17)
O9	0.2747 (11)	0.4070 (11)	0.0191 (7)	0.0227 (17)
O10	0.2620 (11)	0.7197 (10)	0.1964 (6)	0.0200 (16)

supplementary materials

O13	0.6638 (11)	0.7841 (10)	0.1853 (7)	0.0207 (16)
O14	0.9451 (11)	0.4864 (12)	0.1581 (7)	0.0253 (18)
O3	0.3788 (10)	0.0521 (9)	0.5944 (6)	0.0150 (14)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Nd1	0.0097 (3)	0.0080 (3)	0.0089 (3)	0.0000 (2)	0.0000 (2)	0.0003 (2)
Nd2	0.0096 (3)	0.0058 (3)	0.0091 (3)	-0.0022 (2)	-0.0012 (2)	-0.0003 (2)
Mo1	0.0098 (4)	0.0084 (4)	0.0101 (4)	-0.0026 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	0.0022 (3)
Mo2	0.0086 (4)	0.0075 (4)	0.0084 (4)	-0.0030 (3)	0.0001 (3)	0.0001 (3)
Mo3	0.0089 (4)	0.0080 (4)	0.0088 (4)	-0.0025 (3)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0016 (3)
Mo4	0.0083 (4)	0.0079 (4)	0.0113 (4)	-0.0026 (3)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0023 (3)
O11	0.013 (3)	0.013 (3)	0.011 (3)	-0.004 (3)	-0.001 (3)	0.000 (3)
O2	0.017 (4)	0.023 (4)	0.015 (4)	-0.006 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.002 (3)
O15	0.006 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.020 (4)	-0.001 (2)	0.003 (3)	-0.006 (3)
O8	0.010 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.006 (3)	-0.002 (3)	-0.002 (3)
O1	0.019 (4)	0.009 (3)	0.019 (4)	-0.003 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.001 (3)
O5	0.016 (4)	0.016 (4)	0.024 (4)	-0.004 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.004 (3)
O7	0.026 (4)	0.024 (4)	0.012 (4)	-0.001 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.006 (3)
O12	0.023 (4)	0.016 (4)	0.027 (4)	0.003 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.000 (3)
O4	0.015 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.019 (4)	0.005 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.001 (3)
O6	0.012 (4)	0.030 (5)	0.026 (4)	0.002 (3)	0.001 (3)	-0.002 (3)
O9	0.026 (4)	0.027 (4)	0.016 (4)	-0.005 (3)	-0.001 (3)	-0.003 (3)
O10	0.032 (4)	0.015 (4)	0.016 (4)	-0.005 (3)	-0.013 (3)	0.004 (3)
O13	0.031 (4)	0.011 (4)	0.021 (4)	-0.006 (3)	-0.006 (3)	-0.001 (3)
O14	0.015 (4)	0.039 (5)	0.021 (4)	-0.007 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.007 (4)
O3	0.017 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.019 (4)	-0.002 (3)	0.000 (3)	0.008 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Nd1—O11	2.326 (7)	Mo2—O15	1.798 (7)
Nd1—O10	2.339 (7)	Mo3—O6 ^v	1.737 (7)
Nd1—O9	2.400 (8)	Mo3—O7 ^{iv}	1.742 (8)
Nd1—O14 ⁱ	2.437 (8)	Mo3—O10	1.749 (7)
Nd1—O15	2.446 (6)	Mo3—O8 ^{vi}	1.814 (6)
Nd1—O8	2.472 (7)	Mo4—O12	1.680 (8)
Nd1—O4	2.528 (7)	Mo4—O5 ^{vii}	1.753 (7)
Nd1—Nd2	3.8158 (7)	Mo4—O11 ^{viii}	1.909 (7)
Nd2—O13 ⁱⁱ	2.366 (7)	Mo4—O2 ^{vii}	1.989 (7)
Nd2—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.387 (7)	Mo4—O11	2.115 (7)
Nd2—O5	2.399 (7)	Mo4—O1	2.386 (7)
Nd2—O7	2.411 (8)	Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	3.1674 (15)
Nd2—O6	2.444 (7)	O11—Mo4 ^{viii}	1.909 (7)
Nd2—O8	2.480 (7)	O2—Mo4 ^{vii}	1.989 (7)
Nd2—O15	2.484 (7)	O8—Mo3 ⁱⁱ	1.814 (6)

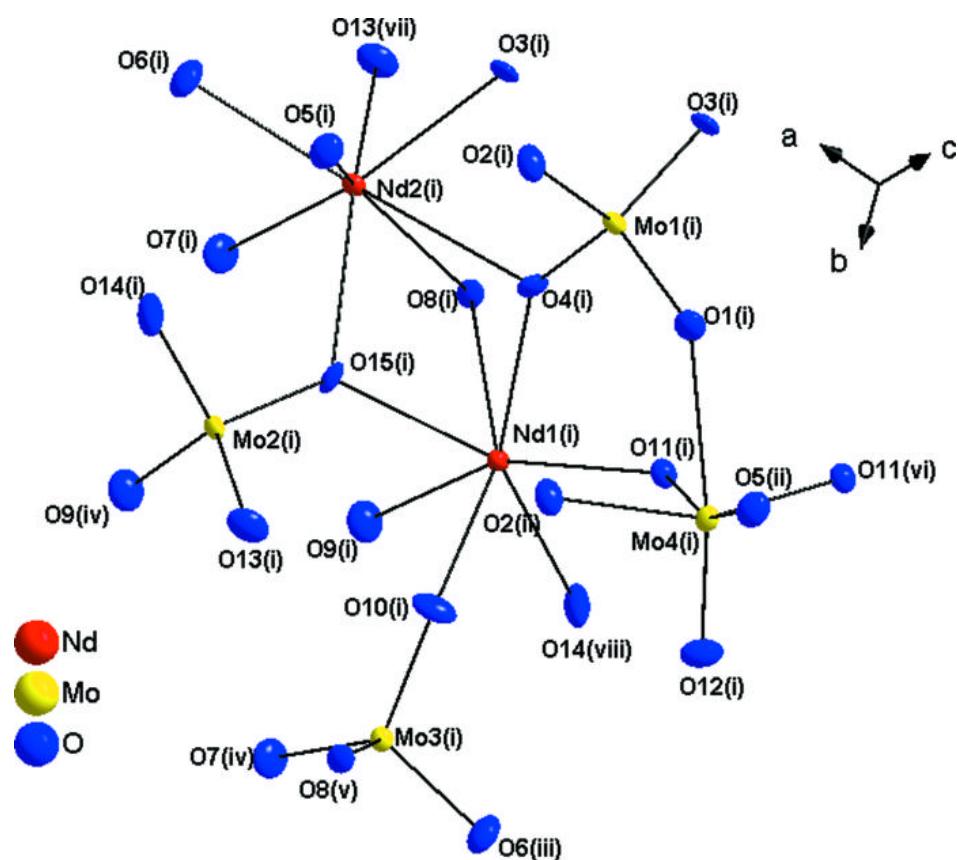
Nd2—O4	2.742 (7)	O5—Mo4 ^{vii}	1.753 (7)
Mo1—O1	1.739 (7)	O7—Mo3 ^{iv}	1.742 (8)
Mo1—O3	1.758 (7)	O6—Mo3 ^{ix}	1.737 (7)
Mo1—O4	1.764 (7)	O9—Mo2 ^{iv}	1.733 (8)
Mo1—O2	1.823 (7)	O13—Nd2 ^{vi}	2.366 (7)
Mo2—O9 ^{iv}	1.733 (8)	O14—Nd1 ^x	2.437 (8)
Mo2—O14	1.734 (8)	O3—Nd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.387 (7)
Mo2—O13	1.753 (7)		
O11—Nd1—O10	88.8 (3)	O4—Nd2—Nd1	41.44 (15)
O11—Nd1—O9	153.3 (3)	O1—Mo1—O3	108.8 (3)
O10—Nd1—O9	83.4 (3)	O1—Mo1—O4	107.4 (3)
O11—Nd1—O14 ⁱ	82.8 (3)	O3—Mo1—O4	114.5 (3)
O10—Nd1—O14 ⁱ	82.1 (3)	O1—Mo1—O2	105.5 (3)
O9—Nd1—O14 ⁱ	70.9 (3)	O3—Mo1—O2	109.3 (3)
O11—Nd1—O15	125.3 (2)	O4—Mo1—O2	110.9 (3)
O10—Nd1—O15	81.3 (3)	O9 ^{iv} —Mo2—O14	109.3 (4)
O9—Nd1—O15	78.7 (3)	O9 ^{iv} —Mo2—O13	106.3 (4)
O14 ⁱ —Nd1—O15	146.7 (3)	O14—Mo2—O13	112.1 (4)
O11—Nd1—O8	116.2 (2)	O9 ^{iv} —Mo2—O15	109.1 (4)
O10—Nd1—O8	152.5 (3)	O14—Mo2—O15	107.0 (3)
O9—Nd1—O8	78.6 (3)	O13—Mo2—O15	113.0 (3)
O14 ⁱ —Nd1—O8	110.8 (3)	O6 ^v —Mo3—O7 ^{iv}	111.1 (4)
O15—Nd1—O8	75.0 (2)	O6 ^v —Mo3—O10	109.0 (4)
O11—Nd1—O4	70.6 (2)	O7 ^{iv} —Mo3—O10	108.4 (4)
O10—Nd1—O4	116.3 (2)	O6 ^v —Mo3—O8 ^{vi}	106.6 (4)
O9—Nd1—O4	135.5 (2)	O7 ^{iv} —Mo3—O8 ^{vi}	109.7 (3)
O14 ⁱ —Nd1—O4	146.5 (2)	O10—Mo3—O8 ^{vi}	112.0 (3)
O15—Nd1—O4	66.7 (2)	O12—Mo4—O5 ^{vii}	104.3 (4)
O8—Nd1—O4	66.3 (2)	O12—Mo4—O11 ^{viii}	102.4 (4)
O11—Nd1—Nd2	116.20 (17)	O5 ^{vii} —Mo4—O11 ^{viii}	95.7 (3)
O10—Nd1—Nd2	120.5 (2)	O12—Mo4—O2 ^{vii}	97.0 (4)
O9—Nd1—Nd2	89.6 (2)	O5 ^{vii} —Mo4—O2 ^{vii}	97.9 (3)
O14 ⁱ —Nd1—Nd2	148.9 (2)	O11 ^{viii} —Mo4—O2 ^{vii}	152.7 (3)
O15—Nd1—Nd2	39.66 (16)	O12—Mo4—O11	94.5 (3)
O8—Nd1—Nd2	39.68 (15)	O5 ^{vii} —Mo4—O11	160.8 (3)
O4—Nd1—Nd2	45.87 (15)	O11 ^{viii} —Mo4—O11	76.3 (3)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	73.9 (3)	O2 ^{vii} —Mo4—O11	83.4 (3)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O5	129.8 (3)	O12—Mo4—O1	170.4 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—O5	75.9 (3)	O5 ^{vii} —Mo4—O1	83.9 (3)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O7	79.6 (3)	O11 ^{viii} —Mo4—O1	81.3 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—O7	153.0 (3)	O2 ^{vii} —Mo4—O1	76.7 (3)
O5—Nd2—O7	126.9 (3)	O11—Mo4—O1	77.7 (3)

supplementary materials

O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O6	80.7 (3)	O12—Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	100.5 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—O6	107.9 (3)	O5 ^{vii} —Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	133.6 (3)
O5—Nd2—O6	71.7 (3)	O11 ^{viii} —Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	40.4 (2)
O7—Nd2—O6	72.0 (3)	O2 ^{vii} —Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	117.3 (2)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O8	79.2 (3)	O11—Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	35.83 (18)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—O8	91.6 (2)	O1—Mo4—Mo4 ^{viii}	76.52 (17)
O5—Nd2—O8	140.7 (2)	Mo4 ^{viii} —O11—Mo4	103.7 (3)
O7—Nd2—O8	78.5 (3)	Mo4 ^{viii} —O11—Nd1	122.5 (3)
O6—Nd2—O8	146.8 (3)	Mo4—O11—Nd1	133.7 (3)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O15	147.6 (2)	Mo1—O2—Mo4 ^{vii}	136.8 (4)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—O15	124.5 (2)	Mo2—O15—Nd1	135.0 (4)
O5—Nd2—O15	82.5 (2)	Mo2—O15—Nd2	123.6 (3)
O7—Nd2—O15	77.3 (3)	Nd1—O15—Nd2	101.4 (2)
O6—Nd2—O15	112.6 (3)	Mo3 ⁱⁱ —O8—Nd1	126.2 (3)
O8—Nd2—O15	74.2 (2)	Mo3 ⁱⁱ —O8—Nd2	132.4 (3)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—O4	119.7 (3)	Nd1—O8—Nd2	100.8 (2)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—O4	63.0 (2)	Mo1—O1—Mo4	136.9 (4)
O5—Nd2—O4	78.3 (2)	Mo4 ^{vii} —O5—Nd2	152.6 (4)
O7—Nd2—O4	129.9 (2)	Mo3 ^{iv} —O7—Nd2	165.9 (5)
O6—Nd2—O4	150.0 (2)	Mo1—O4—Nd1	144.6 (4)
O8—Nd2—O4	63.0 (2)	Mo1—O4—Nd2	122.6 (3)
O15—Nd2—O4	62.9 (2)	Nd1—O4—Nd2	92.7 (2)
O13 ⁱⁱ —Nd2—Nd1	118.7 (2)	Mo3 ^{ix} —O6—Nd2	168.5 (5)
O3 ⁱⁱⁱ —Nd2—Nd1	99.86 (17)	Mo2 ^{iv} —O9—Nd1	171.6 (5)
O5—Nd2—Nd1	105.23 (18)	Mo3—O10—Nd1	156.8 (4)
O7—Nd2—Nd1	88.49 (19)	Mo2—O13—Nd2 ^{vi}	159.0 (5)
O6—Nd2—Nd1	150.0 (2)	Mo2—O14—Nd1 ^x	169.8 (5)
O8—Nd2—Nd1	39.53 (15)	Mo1—O3—Nd2 ⁱⁱⁱ	143.0 (4)
O15—Nd2—Nd1	38.92 (15)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (v) $x-1, y+1, z$; (vi) $x, y+1, z$; (vii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (viii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$; (ix) $x+1, y-1, z$; (x) $x+1, y, z$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

